

Embracing Authenticity – More Scripts, Less Romanization

Committee on Technical Processing Session
CEAL Annual Meeting
Seattle, March 14, 2024

Overview



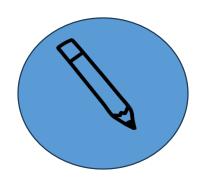
- History and Current Status
- BF to MARC Conversion
- Provide Transliterated data
- Phased Implementation of BF and FOLIO
- Policy Implications
- Future Recommendations
- Significance of Non-Latin
 Script Input

*JACKPHY+CAT: Japanese, Arabic, Chinese, Korean, Persian, Hebrew, Yiddish, Cyrillic, Armenian, and Thai.

LC's Non-Latin Script Materials









African and Middle Eastern Division holds 650,000 volumes

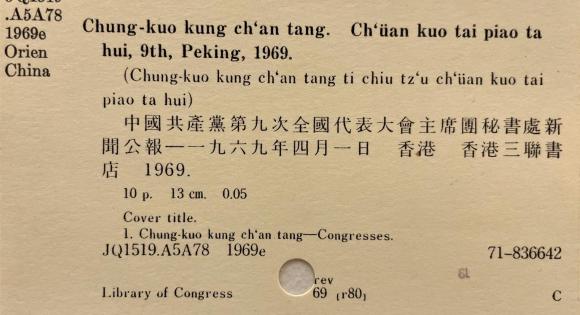
Asian Division holds more than 4 million items.

Over one million in Slavic languages in Cyrillic.

Vast holdings in multiple formats (cartographic material, film, music, prints, photos, ephemera, etc.)

Manually Cataloging Non-Latin Scripts (1898-196 A5A78 Characteristics)





Early Library Catalogs

Library of Congress distributed printed cards including works in non-Latin scripts.

Early MARC Era of Non-Latin Script Cataloging (1969-1981)



MARC Standards

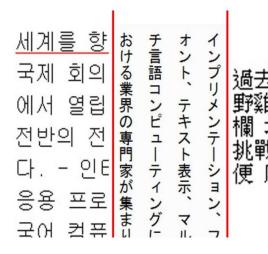
Developed by Library of Congress to enable electronic sharing of catalog records.

Latin

ABCDEFGH IKLMNOPQ RSTVXYZ

Limit to Latin Script

LC's early MARC system limited to Latin script



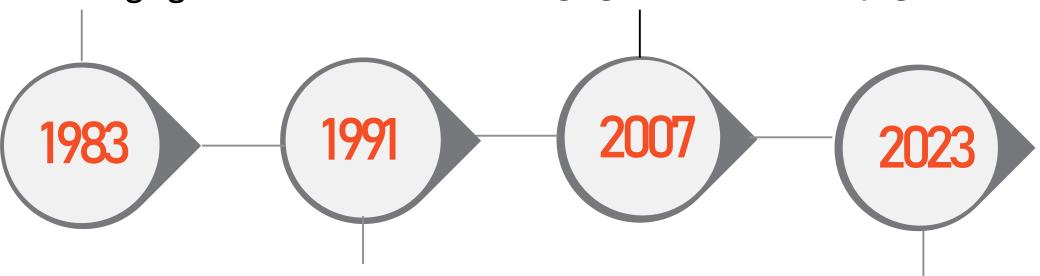
Non-Latin Languages

Records created from 1969-1981 did not include original scripts

Expansion of Non-Latin Script Cataloging

RLG introduced enhancement for CJK cataloging

LC switched non-Latin monograph cataloging for JACKPHY to Voyager.



RLG brought non-Latin capability to JACKPHY (Japanese, Arabic, Chinese, Korean, Persian, Hebrew, Yiddish)

Armenian and Thai added to the mix.

Non-Latin Script Cataloging at LC (Serials, Authorities)

Serial cataloging



Non-Latin script serial cataloging continued to use OCLC

Name Authorities

Program for Cooperative Cataloging



In 2008, non-Latin references in name authority file implemented

BIBFRAME and FOLIO



BIBFRAME

A data model for bibliographic description, designed to replace the MARC standards



In 2016, LC released version 2.0



Best practices

of non-Latin script input, emphasis on original script



Include scripts beyond JACKPHY+CAT

Unicode



In October 2024, LC will implement initial phase of

FOLIO-Acquisitions



In spring 2025 **Inventory** will be implemented for bibliographic description

Best Practices of BIBFRAME Input



- Descriptive metadata in the original script will be provided
 - Optional transliteration: title proper, other title information, statement of responsibility, and publication statement.
 - Table of contents or summary in original script.



- Descriptive access point, including RDA preferred title will be recorded in transliterated form.
 - Title in original script may be recorded optionally.

Reflect the pre-MARC era approach

BIBFRAME to MARC Conversion



 PCC Guidelines for Providing Bibliographic Description in Multiple Character Sets

 External libraries expect to receive MARC records containing both Latin and non-Latin scripts for their local systems

Providing Automated Transliteration

ScriptShifter

Use of Angle Bracket

An API-powered tool

TRANSLITERATE!

https://scriptshifter-test.knowledgetx.com/

Missing Transliteration

245:00: \$6 880-99 \$a <>

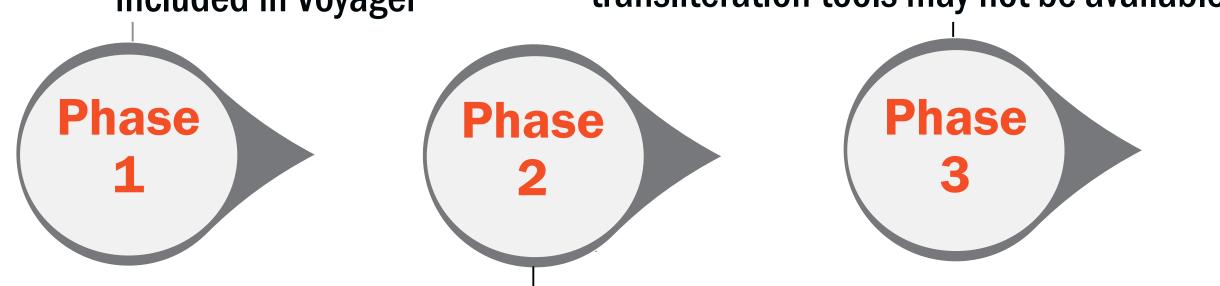
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lvanovich lbis)原著; 劉宇锋編著 導賣

Phased Implementation of Non-Latin Script Input in BF and FOLIO

JACKPHY+CAT languages, currently included in Voyager

All the other languages for which transliteration tools may not be available



Languages for which transliteration tools are available in ScriptShifter

Policy Implication



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- Less romanization, emphasizing original scripts whenever feasible
- Use MARC Model B for BIBFRAME input
- Use angle brackets to indicate missing romanization

Future Recommendations

- Expand non-Latin scripts beyond JACKPHY+C in the NACO File
- Integrate Parallelogram functionality into FOLIO



Significance of Effective Non-Latin Script Input

Promote cultural and linguistic diversity of library collections

Improve user experience and enhance discoverability

Meet the needs of users on a global scale

Promote Unicode international standard for cataloging and metadata



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